

112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 3015

To improve and enhance research and programs on childhood cancer survivorship, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 22, 2011

Ms. Speier (for herself, Mr. Latham, Mr. McCaul, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Moran, Mr. King of New York, Ms. Bordallo, Ms. Woolsey, and Ms. Fudge) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To improve and enhance research and programs on childhood cancer survivorship, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Pediatric, Adolescent,
- 5 and Young Adult Cancer Survivorship Research and Qual-
- 6 ity of Life Act of 2011".
- 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 8 Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) An estimated 12,400 children and adoles-2 cents under age 20 are diagnosed with cancer each 3 year.
 - (2) In 1960, only 4 percent of children with cancer survived more than 5 years, but today, cure rates have increased to 78 percent for children and adolescents under age 20.
 - (3) The population of survivors of childhood cancers has grown dramatically, to over 300,000 individuals of all ages as of 2007.
 - (4) Whereas as many as two-thirds of childhood cancer survivors are likely to experience at least one late effect of treatment, with as many as one-fourth experiencing a late effect that is serious or life-threatening. The most common late effects of childhood cancer are neurocognitive, psychological, cardiopulmonary, endocrine, and musculoskeletal effects and secondary malignancies.
 - (5) According to the Intercultural Cancer Council, because of disparities in health care delivery throughout the cancer care continuum, minority, poor, and other medically underserved communities are more likely to be diagnosed with late stage discase, experience poorer treatment outcomes, have shorter survival time with less quality of life, and ex-

- perience a substantially greater likelihood of cancer
 death.
 - (6) The late effects of cancer treatment may change as treatments evolve, which means that the monitoring and treatment of cancer survivors may need to be modified on a routine basis.
 - (7) Despite the trauma caused by childhood cancer, there is a lack of standardized and coordinated psychosocial care for the children and their families, from the date of diagnosis through treatment and survivorship.
 - (8) The Institute of Medicine, in its reports on cancer survivorship entitled "Childhood Cancer Survivorship: Improving Care and Quality of Life", states that an organized system of care and a method of care for pediatric cancer survivors is needed.
 - (9) Focused and well-designed research and pilot health delivery programs can answer questions about the optimal ways to provide health care, follow-up monitoring services, and survivorship care to those diagnosed with childhood cancer and contribute to improvements in the quality of care and quality of life of those individuals.

1 SEC. 3. CANCER SURVIVORSHIP PROGRAMS.

2	(a) CANCER SURVIVORSHIP PROGRAMS.—Subpart 1
3	of part C of title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42
4	U.S.C. 285 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
5	following:
6	"SEC. 417G. PILOT PROGRAMS TO EXPLORE MODEL SYS-
7	TEMS OF CARE FOR PEDIATRIC CANCER SUR-
8	vivors.
9	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall make grants
10	to eligible entities to establish pilot programs to develop,
11	study, or evaluate model systems for monitoring and car-
12	ing for childhood cancer survivors.
13	"(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—In this section, the term
14	'eligible entity' means—
15	"(1) a medical school;
16	"(2) a children's hospital;
17	"(3) a cancer center; or
18	"(4) any other entity with significant experience
19	and expertise in treating survivors of childhood can-
20	cers.
21	"(e) USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may make a
22	grant under this section to an eligible entity only if the
23	entity agrees—
24	"(1) to use the grant to establish a pilot pro-
25	gram to develop, study, or evaluate one or more

1 .	model systems for monitoring and caring for cancer
2	survivors; and
3	"(2) in developing, studying, and evaluating
4	such systems, to give special emphasis to the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(A) Design of protocols for different mod-
7	els of follow-up care, monitoring, and other sur-
8	vivorship programs (including peer support and
9	mentoring programs).
10	"(B) Development of various models for
11	providing multidisciplinary care.
12	"(C) Dissemination of information and the
13	provision of training to health care providers
14	about how to provide linguistically and cul-
15	turally competent follow-up care and monitoring
16	to cancer survivors and their families.
17	"(D) Development of support programs to
18	improve the quality of life of cancer survivors.
19	"(E) Design of systems for the effective
20	transfer of treatment information and care
21	summaries from cancer care providers to other
22	health care providers (including risk factors and
23	a plan for recommended follow-up care).
24	"(F) Dissemination of the information and
25	programs described in subparagraphs (A)

1	through (E) to other health care providers (in-
2	cluding primary care physicians and internists)
3	and to cancer survivors and their families,
4	where appropriate.
5	"(G) Development of initiatives that pro-
6	mote the coordination and effective transition of
7	care between cancer care providers, primary
8	care physicians, and mental health profes-
9	sionals.
10	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
11	carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro-
12	priated \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through
13	2017.
14	"SEC. 417G-1. WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT COLLABO-
15	RATIVE ON MEDICAL AND PSYCHOSOCIAL
16	CARE FOR CHILDHOOD CANCER SURVIVORS.
17	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, not later
18	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, con-
19	vene a Workforce Development Collaborative on Medical
20	and Psychosocial Care for Pediatric Cancer Survivors (re-
21	ferred to in this paragraph as the 'Collaborative'). The
22	Collaborative shall be a cross-specialty, multidisciplinary
23	group composed of educators, consumer and family advo-
24	cates, and providers of psychosocial and biomedical health
25	gominog

1	"(b) GOALS AND REPORTS.—The Collaborative shall
2	submit to the Secretary a report establishing a plan to
3	meet the following objectives for medical and psychosocial
4	care workforce development:
. 5	"(1) Identifying, refining, and broadly dissemi-
6	nating to health care educators information about
7	workforce competencies, models, and preservices cur-
8	ricula relevant to providing medical and psychosocial
9	services to persons with pediatric cancers.
10	"(2) Adapting curricula for continuing edu-
11	cation of the existing workforce using efficient work-
12	place-based learning approaches.
13	"(3) Developing the skills of faculty and other
14	trainers in teaching psychosocial health care using
15	evidence-based teaching strategies.
16	"(4) Strengthening the emphasis on psycho-
17	social health care in educational accreditation stand-
18	ards and professional licensing and certification
19	exams by recommending revisions to the relevant
20	oversight organizations.
21	"(5) Evaluating the effectiveness of patient
22	navigators in pediatric cancer survivorship care.
23	"(6) Evaluating the effectiveness of peer sup-
24	port programs in the psychosocial care of pediatric

cancer patients and survivors.

25

1	"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To
2	carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro-
3	priated \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through
4	2017.".
5	(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—
6	(1) In General.—Section 3 of the
7	Hematological Cancer Research Investment and
8	Education Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-172; 116
9	Stat. 541) is amended by striking "section 419C"
10	and inserting "section 417C".
11	(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
12	by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in
13	section 3 of the Hematological Cancer Research In-
14	vestment and Education Act of 2002 (Public Law
15	107–172; 116 Stat. 541).
16	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO IMPROVE CARE FOR PEDIATRIC CAN-
17	CER SURVIVORS.
18	Section 417E of the Public Health Service Act (42
19	U.S.C. 285a–11) is amended—
20	(1) in the heading, by striking "RESEARCH
21	AND AWARENESS" and inserting "RESEARCH,
22	AWARENESS, AND SURVIVORSHIP";
23	(2) in subsection (a)—
24	(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
25	paragraph (4); and

1	(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
2	following:
3	"(2) Research on causes of health dis-
4	PARITIES IN PEDIATRIC CANCER SURVIVORSHIP.—
5	"(A) GRANTS.—The Director of NIH, act-
6	ing through the Director of the Institute, in co-
7	ordination with ongoing research activities,
8	shall make grants to entities to conduct re-
9	search relating to—
10.	"(i) needs and outcomes of pediatric
11	cancer survivors within minority or other
12	medically underserved populations;
13	"(ii) health disparities in pediatric
14	cancer survivorship outcomes within minor-
15	ity or other medically underserved popu-
16	lations;
17	"(iii) barriers that pediatric cancer
18	survivors within minority or other medi-
19	cally underserved populations face in re-
20	ceiving follow-up care; and
21	"(iv) familial, socioeconomic, and
22	other environmental factors and the impact
23	of such factors on treatment outcomes and
24	survivorship.

1	"(B) Balanced approach.—In making
2	grants for research under subparagraph (A)(i)
3	on pediatric cancer survivors within minority or
4	other medically underserved populations, the
5	Director of NIH shall ensure that such research
6	addresses both the physical and the psycho-
7	logical needs of such survivors.
8	"(3) Research on late effects and fol-
9	LOW-UP CARE FOR PEDIATRIC CANCER SUR-
10	VIVORS.—The Director of NIH, in coordination with
11	ongoing research activities, shall conduct or support
12	research on follow-up care for pediatric cancer sur-
13	vivors, with special emphasis given to—
14	"(A) the development of indicators used
15	for long-term patient tracking and analysis of
16	the late effects of cancer treatment for pediatric
17	cancer survivors;
18	"(B) the identification of risk factors asso-
19	ciated with the late effects of cancer treatment;
20	"(C) the identification of predictors of
21	neurocognitive and psychosocial outcomes;
22	"(D) initiatives to protect cancer survivors
23	from the late effects of cancer treatment;
24	"(E) transitions in care for pediatric can-
25	cer survivors;

1	"(F) training of professionals to provide
2	linguistically and culturally competent follow-up
3	care to pediatric cancer survivors; and
4	"(G) different models of follow-up care.";
5	and
6	(3) in subsection (d)—
7	(A) by striking "this section and" and in-
8	serting "subsection (a)(1), subsection (b), and";
9	(B) by striking "2013" and inserting
10	"2017"; and
11	(C) by inserting after the second sentence
12	the following: "For purposes of carrying out
13	subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3), there is author-
14	ized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of
15	fiscal years 2013 through 2017.".
16	SEC. 5. COMPREHENSIVE LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP SERV-
17	ICES FOR PEDIATRIC CANCER SURVIVORS.
18	Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act
19	(42 U.S.C. 243 et seq.) is amended by inserting after sec-
20	tion 317T the following:
21	"SEC. 317U. CLINICS FOR COMPREHENSIVE LONG-TERM
22	FOLLOW-UP SERVICES FOR PEDIATRIC CAN-
23	CER SURVIVORS.
24	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make grants
25	to eligible entities to establish and operate a clinic for com-

1	prehensive long-term follow-up services for pediatric can-
2	cer survivors.
3	"(b) Eligible Entities.—In this section, the term
4	'eligible entity' means—
5	"(1) a school of medicine;
6	"(2) a children's hospital;
7.	"(3) a cancer center; or
8	"(4) any other entity determined by the Sec-
9	retary to have significant experience and expertise
10	in—
11	"(A) treating pediatric, adolescent, and
12	young adult cancers; or
13	"(B) integrating medical and psychosocial
14	services for pediatric, adolescent, and young
15	adult cancer survivors and their families.
16	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may make a
17	grant under this section to an eligible entity only if the
18	entity agrees to use the grant to pay costs incurred during
19	the first 4 years of establishing and operating a clinic for
20	comprehensive, long-term, follow-up services for pediatric
21	cancer survivors, which may include the costs of—
22	"(1) providing medical and psychosocial follow-
23	up services, including coordination with the patient's
24	primary care provider and oncologist in order to en-
25	sure that the medical needs of survivors are ad-

Ţ	dressed, and providing linguistically and culturally
2	competent information to survivors and families with
3	appropriate outreach to medically underserved popu-
4	lations;
5	"(2) the construction, expansion, and mod-
6	ernization of facilities;
7	"(3) acquiring and leasing facilities and equip-
8	ment (including paying the costs of amortizing the
9	principal of, and paying the interest on, loans for
10	such facilities and equipment) to support or further
11	the operation of the grantee; and
12	"(4) the construction and structural modifica-
13	tion (including equipment acquisition) of facilities to
14	permit the integrated delivery of ongoing medical
15	and psychosocial care to pediatric cancer survivors
16	and their families at a single service site.
17	"(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To
18	carry out this section, there is authorized to be appro-
19	priated \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through
20	2017.".